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To:	USPTO Group Art Unit 2611 Examiner Nader Bolour	From:	Stacey Longanecker	r
Fax:	(571) 273 8300 (571) 273 8064	Pages	52 6	
Phone:	1	Date:	September 8, 2008	
Re:	Ser. No.: 10/518,073	CC:		
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• Com	ments:	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
Please s	see attached for the inten	view scheduled Septembe	er 12, 2008 at 10 AM.	
Respect	tfully submitted,			
Stacey L	onganecker, Reg. No. 3	3,952		

CONFIDENTIALITY NOTICE

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Approved for use through 09/30/2008. QMB 0651-0031
U.S. Patent and Trademark Office: U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Applicant Initiated Interview Request Form
Application No.: 10/518,673 First Named Applicant: Peter James Duftett-Smi
Examiner: Bolourchi, Nader Art Unit: 2611 Status of Application: pending after Tival
Tentative Particinants:
(1) Stacry Longonecker (2) Peter James Duffett-Smith (3) michael Brunner (4)
(3)michael Brunner (4)
Proposed Date of Interview: September 12, 1008 Proposed Time: 10 AM/PM
Type of Interview Requested:
(1) Telephonic (2) Personal (3) Video Conference
Exhibit To Be Shown or Demonstrated: YES NO If yes, provide brief description: # Hacked Claim Chan +
Issues To Be Discussed
Issues Claims/ Prior Discussed Agreed Not Agreed (Rej., Obj., etc) Fig. #s Art
(1) \(\frac{1}{2} \) \(\frac{15t}{12} \) \(\frac{15t}{12} \) \(\frac{1}{23} \) \(\frac{1}{23} \) \(\frac{1}{33} \) \(\fr
(2)
(3)
(4)
Continuation Sheet Attached
Brief Description of Argument to be Presented:
An interview was conduction on the above-identified application on NOTE: This form should be completed by applicant and submitted to the examiner in advance of the interview (see MPEP § 713.01).
This application will not be delayed from issue because of applicant's failure to submit a written record of this interview. Therefore, applicant is advised to file a statement of the substance of this interview (37 CFR 1.133(b)) as soon as possible.
Applicant's Reprogentative Signature Examiner/SPE Signature TACEY LONG ANE CICET
Typed/Printed Name of Applicant or Representative
Registration Number, if applicable

This collection of information is required by 37 CFR 1.133. The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.11 and 1.14. This collection is estimated to take 21 minutes to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, U.S. Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. SEND TO: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450.

If you need assistance in completing the form, call 1-800-PTO-9199 and select option 2.

Claim 1 of US Appln. Serial No. 10/518,073	References to priority application EP 1 376 150	Cross-References to Published PCT WO 03/107029
(Previously Presented) A method of finding the time offset between signals	Paragraph [0009] and Fig. 1 used to describe background on finding time offsets between transmitters A,B, C	See paragraph that commences on line 19 of page 3.
transmitted by at least one of a plurality of	Per paragraph [0013], Fig. 2 (first embodiment) transmitters 201, 202, 203 and terminal 207	See page 5, Imes 15-18
transmitters (A,B,C) of a communications network and received by a receiver attached to	Per paragraph [0064], Fig. 8 (another embodiment) transmitters 801, 802, 803 and terminal 807	See paragraph that commences on line 25 of page 19.
a terminal, the method comprising the steps of		
(a) creating at the terminal a terminal section (r(t)) of a representation of the signals from the transmitters received by the receiver,	Paragraph [0055] describes how a signal from a transmitter 201 (A) received at the terminal 207 can be represented by a convolution of the transmitted signal $S_A(t)$ and the channel profile $h_A(t)$. For all signals from the N transmitters, paragraph [0055] discloses a received signal $r(t)$ represented as: $r(t) = \sum_{i=1}^{N} S_i(t) * h_i(t),$	See paragraph that commences on line 25 of page 16.
 (b) creating a first section (S_A(t)) of a representation of the signal transmitted by a first (A) of said transmitters, and creating a second section (S_B(t)) of a 	Per paragraph [0017], each sampling device 204, 205, 206 records a section of the signals transmitted by its associated Node B 201, 202, 203 respectively.	See paragraph that commences on line 4 of page 7.
representation of the signal transmitted by a second (B) of said transmitters,		
each of which sections overlaps in time with the terminal section (r(t));	Per paragraph [0063], one of the requirements of the invention is that the recordings of the signals made at A, B, C, (say 201, 202 203) and R (say 207) overlap in time with	See paragraph that commences on line 13 of page 19.

		each other. Paragraphs [0] 501 and [0060] describe how a cross-	See naragraphs that commence on lines
	(c) creating a first function $(a(\tau))$	(c) creating a first function $(a(\tau))$ ranging in [1000] which is a constant.	O and 10 of maps (8
	dependent on the first section $(S_A(t))$	dependent on the first section $(S_A(t))$ correlation profile $B(\tau)$, which exemplifies the recited first	and to the control of
	and the terminal section $(r(t))$,	function, is created	
		$a(\tau) = r(t) \otimes S_{A}(t)$	
		$= [S_{A}(t) * h_{A}(t) + S_{B}(t) * h_{B}(t) +] \otimes S_{A}(t)$	
		$\approx S_{A}(t) * h_{A}(t) \otimes S_{A}(t)$	
		$=p_{A}(\tau)*h_{A}(t),$	
		Then $\hat{\theta}(au)$ is the windowed version of $ heta(au)$.	
		•	
	and convoluing the first contion with	Paragraph [0061]:	See paragraph that commences on line
	the first function to form a blurred	The windowed cross-correlation profile $\hat{a}(\tau)$ is now	26 of page 18.
		convolved with $S_A(t)$ and, since the signal from A	
	esumate (D(I)) or the signal received	quantity to be subtracted from a version of r(t) which has	
	at the terminal from the first transmitter	been convolved with the autocorrelation profile of $S_A(t)$.	
	(A);	$b(t) = S_{\lambda}(t) * \hat{\mathbf{a}}(\tau)$	
		$\approx S_{A}(t) * p_{A}(\tau) * h_{A}(t).$	
		Paraeraph (0055]:	
		"In machine it has been appreciated that the component of	See paragraph that commences on line
		the signal received at the terminal 207 from, say the francisital 201 numerical as (4.7 cm he consequed by a	26 of page 16.
		convolution of the transmitted signal $S_A(t)$ and the 'channel profile' $h_A(t)$ which models the multi-path effects. This	
		constitutes a 'blurring' of the actual received signal."	
ĺ			

	See also paragraph [0057] which states: "One method of overcoming the de-convolution issue is of particular interest here, and this involves subtraction of a 'blurred' estimate of the brightest signal received at the terminal from a 'blurred' version of \(\text{r}(t)\), the blurring here again referring to the	See paragraph that commences on line 19 of page 17.
(d) creating a second function $(\rho_A(\tau))$ dependent on the first section $(S_A(t))$,	The text immediately following the equation in paragraph [0059] describes an auto-correlation profile that exemplifies the recited second function dependent on the first section $S_A(t)$: where the \otimes symbol represents cross-correlation, τ is the delay, and $D_A(\tau)$ is the auto-correlation profile of $S_A(t)$.	See text that commences on line 13 of page 18.
and convolving the terminal section with the second function to form a blurred terminal section $(t(t) * p_A(\tau))$;	See the equations in paragraph [0062] and particularly the first line that contains $f(t) * \rho_A(\tau)$; paragraph [0055] states that the symbol "*" represents convolution	See equations in paragraph that commences on line 1 of page 19; See also lines 7-8 on page 17.
(e) subtracting the blurred estimate $(b(t))$ from the blurred terminal section $(r(t)*p_A(\tau))$ to produce a	See calculating blurred estimate in paragraph [0023]; use of blurred estimate according to the invention in paragraphs [0029], [0030] and [0057]; the estimate b(t) is described in paragraph [0061];	See paragraph that connences on line 31 of page 8, the text at lines 14-32 of page 10, and the paragraph that commences on line 19 of page 17; the estimate b(t) is described in lines 26-29 of page 18.
blurred residual representation $(r'(t) = r(t) * \rho_A(\tau) - b(t))$; and	Sec $(r'(t) = r(t) * p_A(\tau) - b(t)$) in the first line of the equations in paragraph [0062]	See line 3 on page 19.
(f) estimating the time offset between	Per paragraph [0062]: "The blurred residual r'(t) can therefore be cross-correlated	See paragraph that commences on line 8-11 of page 19.

with $S_B(t)$ in order to estimate the time offset of the signal until there are no signals of interest left to be measured." from transmitter 202/B. The procedure is then repeated the blurred residual representation (f'(t)) and the second section $(S_B(t))$

signal transmitted by "an other transmitter" in lieu of the recitation in step (b) in claim I of creating a first section and a second section Please note that claim 9 is substantially the same as claim 1, except in its recitation in step (b) of creating a transmitter section using a using signals transmitted by "a first (A) of said transmitters" and "a second (B) of said transmitters."

recitations directed to the embodiment recited in claim 1. Claims 24, 26, 28, 30 and 32 are different genres of claims (e.g., apparatus, Thus, two embodiments are claimed via claims 1 and 9. Claims 23, 25, 27, 29 and 31 are different types of claims (e.g., apparatus, telecommunications terminal, communications network, computing device, and computer program) having substantially similar telecommunications terminal, communications network, computing device, and computer program) having substantially similar recitations directed to the embodiment recited in claim 9,

[0029] of the European priority application (and page 9, line 31 through page 10, line 25 of the published PCT). For example, claims The apparatus recited in claims 23 and 24 comprises processing means at different locations as described in paragraphs [0027] through 23 - 26 recite that step (a) occurs at the terminal, but the processing means in steps (b) - (f) can be located anywhere per paragraph [0027] of the European priority application.

(exemplified by 207 in Fig. 2 or 807 in Fig. 8), sampling devices (exemplified by devices 204-206 for respective transmitters 201-203 To provide additional scope of protection, claims 27 and 28 recite a computing device(s) as item (a) which is exemplified by an SLMC per paragraph [0013] in the European priority application (and page 5, lines 17-18 of the published PCT), a terminal and devices 804-806 for respective transmitters 801-803.

published PCT) or other computing device (e.g., described in paragraph [0028] of the European priority application and page 10, lines located, by way of an example, at an SLMC (per paragraph [0013] in the European priority application and page 5, lines 17-18 of the The computing device in claims 29 and 30 and the computer program in claims 31 and 32 and the recited steps that they perform are 1 - 12 of the published PCT) that can be located anywhere in the network.